HAUSTORIUM

Parasitic Plants Newsletter

Official Organ of the International Parasitic Seed Plant Research Group

February 1991Numb

• FIFTH SYMPOSIUM ON PARASITIC WEEDS

The Fifth Symposium on Parasitic Weeds is scheduled for June **24-30** at the Safari Park Hotel in Nairobi with a field trip to Lake Victoria and intermediate stops. The program is full and this should be the largest and one of the most interesting of any of our symposia! For further information, contact:

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The tentative program is as follows: Session 1 taxonomy/ecology (14 papers); Session 2 morphology/structure (7); Session 3 physiology/biochemistry (6); Session 4 germination (7); Session 5 economic impact (11); Session 6 resistance (17), in addition to posters and the field trip there are two invited papers and the meeting of the African Striga Network (PASCON). It will be a busy and informative meeting!

• NEW RECORD OF ALECTRA VOGELII IN TANZANIA

Alectra vogelii, a hemi-parasitic weed of leguminous crops, was observed for the first time during the 1988/89 season in national trials at Hombolo Research Station. The parasite infested cowpeas. Dur'ing the same season, A. vogelii was reported on farmers fields at Nalien.

dele in southern Tanzania. The parasite has large yellow flowers, 10-15 cm across and a sechoe shaped stiema. In the 1989/90 cront season preliminary observations were made Sational Trials sown at the same location. Severe A. vogelii infestation was observed o Cowpea Uniform Yield Trial, with the rang from 94 to 287 A. vogelii per plant. In Ta: nia, early Cowpea Maturing Variety Trial tl range was from 20:242 4. vogelii per plant Groundnuts planted about 200m from A. ve infested plots were free of the parasite. Alec vogelii has already been reported in some ce tries south of the Sahara viz. Zimbabwe. Bc swana, South Africa, Burkina Faso, Mali, K and Ethiopia. The hemi-parasite has been reported to have a wide range of hosts which include cowpeas, groundnuts, bambara grot nuts, fodder legumes, pigeon peas and muns ans.

A. M. Mbwaga, Ilonga Agricultural Research and Training Institute. Kilosa. Ta nia

• MORE MONEY PROBLEMS FOI HAUSTORIUM!

We still do not have a sponsor for our newsletter! In an era witnessing the demist donor agency projects, federal and state fin cial stringency and university budget cuts, are thankful that we can produce this *issue* miscellaneous residual funds. But it may be last! Can any one help?

• LITERATURE

- Bharathalakshmi, C. R. Werth and L. J. Musselman. 1990. A study of genetic diversity among host specific populations of the witchweed *Striga hermonthica* (Scrophulariaceae) in Africa. Plant Systematics and Evolution 172: 1-12. (There was greater genetic diversity between geographically separated populations than between host specific populations as determined by allozymes).
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- Castejon-Munoz, M., F. Romero-Munoz and L. Gajrcia-Torres. 1990. Control of broomrape (*Orobanche cemua*) in sunflower (*Helianthus annuus* L.) with glyphosate. Crop Protection 9: 332-336.
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- dePamphilis, C. W. and J. D. Palmer. 1990.

 Loss of photosynthetic chlororekpiratory genes from the plastid genome of a parasitic flowering plant. Nature 348(6299):

 337-339 + cover. (The plastid genome of Epifagus virginiana, a common member of the Orobanchaceae of Eastern North America, has lost most, if not all, of the 30 or more chloroplast genes for photosynthesis as well as other genes. This is in remarkable contrast to the chloroplast of Striga asiatica which has a typical complement of genesj.
- Fer, A., H. Benharrat, L. Rey and S. Renaudin. 1990. Etude de certain effets du parasitisme de *Cuscuta lupuliformis* Krock. sur *Vicia sativa* L.: repercussions sur biomasse et sur la teneur de quelque elements mineraux importants. Comptes Rendues de l'Academie des Sciences Paris Series 3 Science de la Vie 310: 113-120. (The strong inhibition of host growth by the parasite is due chiefly to the withdrawal of organic materials).
- Gauslaa, Y. 1990. Water relations and mineral nutrients in *Melampyrum pratense* (Scrophulariaceae) in oligo- and mesotrophic

- boreal forests. Acta Oecologia 11(4): 525-537. (The parasite had a higher co ductance for water in nutrient poor soil compared to more mesic areas. This may enable the parasite to capture more of thost's nutrients).
- Gauslaa. Y. and A. M. Odasz. 1990. Water relations, temperatures, and mineral nu rients in *Pedicularis dasyantha* (Scroph lariaceae) from Svalbard. Norway. Holan Ecology 13: 112-121. (The transpiratic rate of P. dasyantha was almost twice a: high as *Dryas octopetala*, the most frequency host. Interestingly, the dense pubescent on the inflorescence is thought to reduce transpiration and as a result that part of the plant has a much higher temperature.
- Gedalovich-Schedletzky, E. and J. Kuijt. 19 An ultrastructural study of the tuber strands of *Balanophora* (Balanophoracea Canadian Journal of Botany 68: 1271-1279.
- Graves, J. D., A. Wylde, M. C. Press and G. Stewart. 1990. Growth and carbon alloction in *Pennisetum typhoides* infected with the parasitic angiosperm *Striga hermonth ca*. Plant, Cell, and Environment 13(4): 367-373.
- Karamanos, A. J. and C. E. Angoulas. 1990. Plant characteristics of faba bean (*Vicia faba* L.) cultivars associated with broomrape (*Orobanche crenata* Forsk.) attack i naturally infested field. FABIS 25: 40-4
- Khalaf, **K.** A. and F. I. El-Bastawesy. **1990**. Some studies on the basis of resistance of *Vicia faba* cultivar 'Giza **402**' to *Orobani crenata* parasitism. FABIS **25**: **5-9**. (Re! tance of Giza **402** apparently associated with much smaller root system).
- Enepper, D. A., R. A. Creager and L. J. Muss man. 1990. Identifying dodder seed as contaminants in seed shipments. Seed Science and Technology 18: 731-741. (Cuscuta, dodder, seeds are some of the most freque contaminants of commercial seed shipmen. This study describes the differences in sees structure among the three subgenera. Figure 3 is mislabelled).
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- (Herbicides applied 4-5 weeks after. transplanting in pots and field. None fully selective but chlorsulfuron promising at 5-10 g/ha.).
- Krause, D. 1990. Vergleichende Morphologisch/Anatomische Untersuchungen an Striga-Arten (Scrophulariaceae). Doctoral Dissertation. Marburg: Philipps-University.
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- Liu, Z. Q. and A. Fer. 1990. Effect of a parasite (Cuscuta lupuliformis Krock.) on the redistribution of two systemic herbicies applied on a legume Phaseolus aureus Roxb.). Comptes Rendues de l'Academie des Sciences. Series 3 Science de la Vie. 311: 33-339. (The parasite greatly affected distribution of herbicide applied to the shoots, moving via phloem, but not that applied to roots, moving via xylem.)
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 Zeitschrift fur Planzenkrankheit und Pflanzenschutz 12: 455-461. (None of 12 films tested were as effective as polyethylene.

 Eight significantly reduced *O. crenata*, only one reduced S. asiatica).
- Uotila, P. 1990. Orobanche crenata in Helsinki Rotanical Garden. Lutukka 6: 125-126. (Orobanche crenata is seldom found as far

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